Paper Digest

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Short abstract	Background information	Your Notes
Precision medicine applied to meta- static colorectal cancer using tumor- derived organoids ¹ and in-vitro sen- sitivity testing: a phase 2, single- center, open-label, and non-compar- ative study ¹	Named "Denmark's Best Hospital for Cancer Treatment" ² , this paper from the Department of Oncology, University Hospital of Southern Denmark, is so far the world's largest prospective, interventional clinical trial of last-line systemic therapy in colorectal cancer based on patient-derived three dimensional tumoroids.	
[The successful TICC-1 trial] enrolled 90 patients with metastatic colorectal cancer (mCRC) following progression on or after standard therapy. [Functional drug sensitivity testing] was performed on percutaneous transhepatic metastasis biopsies [with IndiTreat® using] a panel of drugs with proven activity in phase II or III trials. The drug with the highest relative activity was offered.	Tumoroids replicate the architecture of the tumor microenvironment (TME) and extracellular matrix (ECM). IndiTreat analyzes patient-derived tumoroids and provides an in-vitro functional drug sensitivity testing of metastatic tumor tissue responses towards approved drug regimens for which no biomarkers exist.	
The precision cohort of 34 patients started treatment and the primary endpoint, progression-free survival (PFS) at two months was met in 17 patients (50%, 95% CI 32–68), exceeding the predefined level (14 of 45; 31%).	IndiTreat® tests informed the researchers about which chemotherapies impair the individual patient's tumoroid growth the most. Following that recommendation exceeded outcome expectations.	
This is the largest prospective, interventional clinical trial of last-line systemic therapy in colorectal cancer based on functional drug sensitivity test results obtained using tumor-derived organoids. No safety issues were recorded. All pre-specified primary endpoints were met.	IndiTreat® is the first CE-marked test to support oncologists with personalizing also the main chemotherapeutic drugs and drug combinations for the majority of patients with mCRC.	

ⁱ Editorial note – Erratum: Tumoroids were used by the research group.

¹ Jensen, L.H., Rogatto, S.R., Lindebjerg, J. et al. Precision medicine applied to metastatic colorectal cancer using tumor-derived organoids and in-vitro sensitivity testing: a phase 2, single-center, open-label, and non-comparative study. J Exp Clin Cancer Res 42, 115 (2023). https://doi.org/10.1186/s13046-023-02683-4

 $^{^2\} https://dagensmedicin.dk/vejle-er-tilbage-paa-toppen-vi-maa-ikke-gaa-paa-kompromis-med-kvaliteten-af-kraeftbehandlingen/$